

Determination of accelerometers' 3-C orientations at the first EGS Collab Testbed

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We determine the accelerometers' three-component (3-C) orientations at the first EGS Collab testbed using CASSM data and hodogram analysis.

- Use the principal component analysis (PCA) analysis of the CASSM data recorded in May 2018 to determine the x-components' positive direction orientation. Those directions are almost parallel to the borehole, which matches the record of instrumental set-up.
- 10 accelerometers have x-components' positive directions (green arrows in Figure 1) in pointing away from the drift, but those of accelerometers OT-16 and OB-13 point to the drift. This implies that the y and z components' cable for these two accelerometers were switched in the Geode recording system.
- Apply the hodogram analysis (Figure 2) to each accelerometer to determine the rotation of y and z components.

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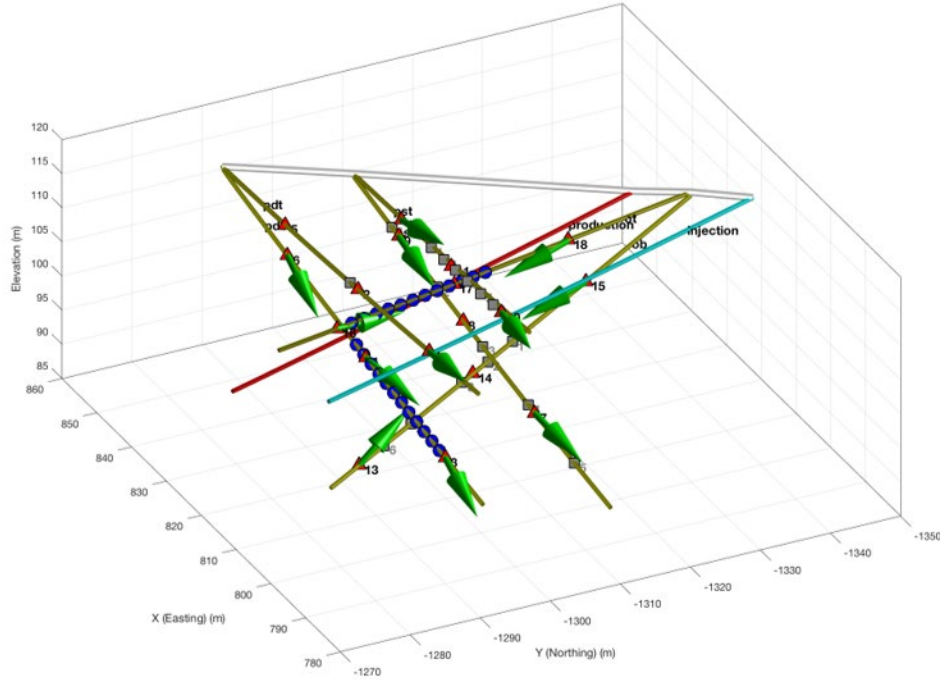


Figure 1. 3-D view of the well geometry, accelerometer positions (red triangles), and accelerometers' x-component positive directions (green arrows). The accelerometers' x-component positive directions obtained from the PCA analysis are almost parallel to the well direction. 10 of them points away from the drift, while OT-16 and OB-13 have x positive direction pointing to the drift.

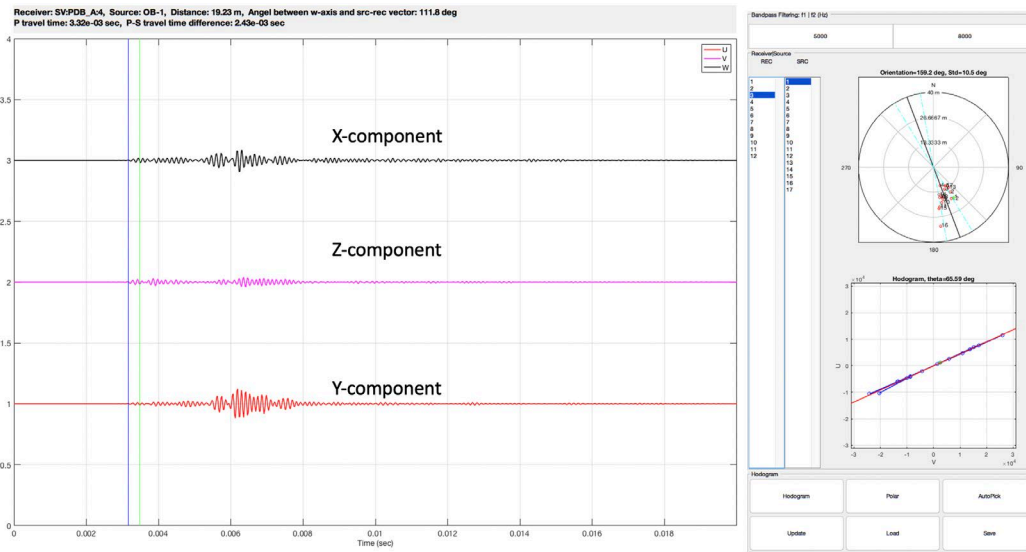


Figure 2. Illustration of the hodogram analysis. For each accelerometer, we bandpass filter the data and select a window around the first arrival to check its hodogram. The frequency band for all accelerometers are 5~8kHz, except for the accelerometer PDB-6 (frequency band is 3~5kHz).

Base vectors of x,y,z components are defined in the ENU (East-North-Up) system
 $\text{base_x} = [x1, x2, x3]$
 $\text{base_y} = [y1, y2, y3]$
 $\text{base_z} = [z1, z2, z3]$

To rotate the waveforms from the local system to the ENU system, we can use:
 $[\text{dat_E}, \text{dat_N}, \text{dat_U}] = [\text{dat_x}, \text{dat_y}, \text{dat_z}] * [\text{base_x}; \text{base_y}; \text{base_z}];$ for each accelerometer.

For example: for the 1st accelerometer PDT-1
 We can rotate it as:

$$[\text{dat_E}, \text{dat_N}, \text{dat_U}] = [\text{dat_x}, \text{dat_y}, \text{dat_z}] * \begin{bmatrix} -0.987188, & -0.132298, & -0.089199 \\ 0.125816, & -0.301610, & -0.945094 \\ 0.098131, & -0.944208, & 0.314391 \end{bmatrix};$$

The values of x1,x2,x3,y1,y2,y3,z1,z2,z3 for 12 accelerometers are given in the following:

name	x1	x2	x3	y1	y2	y3	z1	z2	z3
PDT-1	-0.987188	-0.132298	-0.089199	0.125816	-0.301610	-0.945094	0.098131	-0.944208	0.314391
PDB-3	-0.893842	-0.012001	-0.448221	0.227677	-0.873329	-0.430651	-0.386276	-0.486983	0.78335
PDB-4	-0.898223	-0.171004	-0.40491	0.438255	-0.27805	-0.854764	0.033583	-0.945223	0.324694
PDB-6	-0.892329	-0.168106	-0.418914	0.429743	-0.032471	-0.902367	0.138091	-0.985234	0.101217
PSB-7	-0.906486	-0.165397	-0.388494	0.373648	0.114288	-0.920503	0.196649	-0.979583	-0.0418
PSB-9	-0.898046	-0.157808	-0.410621	0.212384	-0.972981	-0.09056	-0.385235	-0.168537	0.907298
PST-10	-0.993688	-0.096499	-0.057199	0.091889	-0.407721	-0.908471	0.064345	-0.907993	0.414014
PST-12	-0.993341	-0.089704	-0.072303	-0.09956	0.352471	0.930512	-0.057986	0.931514	-0.359055
OB-13	-0.042499	0.883082	-0.46729	0.291912	-0.436329	-0.85112	-0.9555	-0.17258	-0.239239
OB-15	-0.060299	0.882785	-0.465892	-0.883599	-0.264331	-0.3865	-0.464346	0.388356	0.795966
OT-16	0.0231	0.98808	-0.152197	-0.700674	0.124592	0.702519	0.713107	0.090413	0.6952
OT-18	-0.052797	0.992146	-0.113394	-0.831318	-0.106583	-0.545482	-0.553283	0.065467	0.830417